

LM567/LM567C Tone Decoder

General Description

The LM567 and LM567C are general purpose tone decoders designed to provide a saturated transistor switch to ground when an input signal is present within the passband. The circuit consists of an I and Q detector driven by a voltage controlled oscillator which determines the center frequency of the decoder. External components are used to independently set center frequency, bandwidth and output delay.

Features

- 20 to 1 frequency range with an external resistor
- Logic compatible output with 100 mA current sinking capability

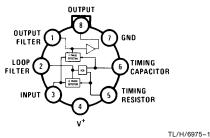
- Bandwidth adjustable from 0 to 14%
- High rejection of out of band signals and noise
- Immunity to false signals
- Highly stable center frequency
- Center frequency adjustable from 0.01 Hz to 500 kHz

Applications

- Touch tone decoding
- Precision oscillator
- Frequency monitoring and control
- Wide band FSK demodulation
- Ultrasonic controls
- Carrier current remote controls
- Communications paging decoders

Connection Diagrams

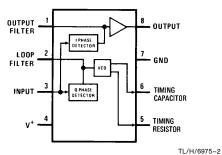
Metal Can Package



Top View

Order Number LM567H or LM567CH See NS Package Number H08C

Dual-In-Line and Small Outline Packages



Top View

Order Number LM567CM See NS Package Number M08A Order Number LM567CN See NS Package Number N08E

Absolute Maximum Ratings

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Operating Temperature Range

LM567H -55°C to +125°C LM567CH, LM567CM, LM567CN 0°C to +70°C Soldering Information
Dual-In-Line Package

Soldering (10 sec.)
Small Outline Package

260°C 215°C

Vapor Phase (60 sec.) 215°C Infrared (15 sec.) 220°C See AN-450 "Surface Mounting Methods and Their Effect

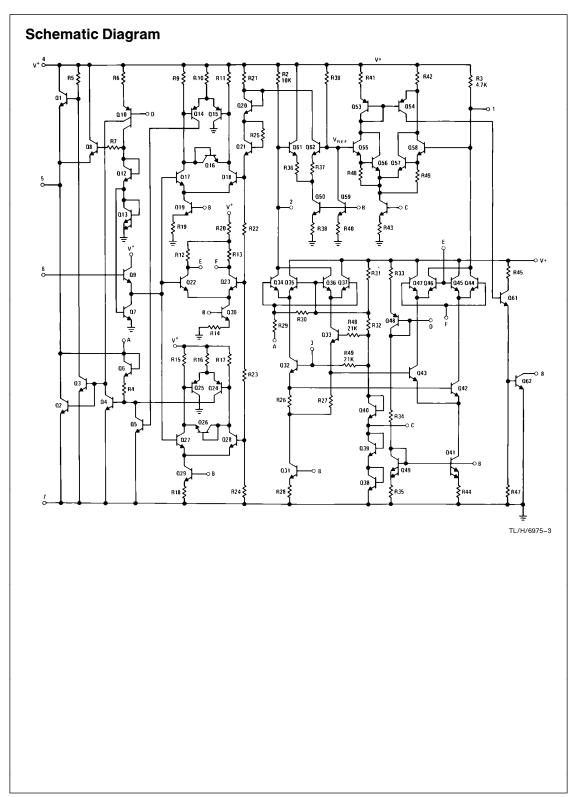
on Product Reliability" for other methods of soldering surface mount devices.

Electrical Characteristics AC Test Circuit, $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, $V^+ = 5V$

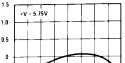
Parameters	Conditions	LM567			LM567C/LM567CM			Units
		Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Julius
Power Supply Voltage Range		4.75	5.0	9.0	4.75	5.0	9.0	V
Power Supply Current Quiescent	R _L = 20k		6	8		7	10	mA
Power Supply Current Activated	R _L = 20k		11	13		12	15	mA
Input Resistance		18	20		15	20		kΩ
Smallest Detectable Input Voltage	$I_L = 100 \text{ mA}, f_i = f_0$		20	25		20	25	mVrms
Largest No Output Input Voltage	$I_C = 100 \text{ mA}, f_i = f_0$	10	15		10	15		mVrms
Largest Simultaneous Outband Signal to Inband Signal Ratio			6			6		dB
Minimum Input Signal to Wideband Noise Ratio	$B_n = 140 \text{ kHz}$		-6			-6		dB
Largest Detection Bandwidth		12	14	16	10	14	18	% of f _o
Largest Detection Bandwidth Skew			1	2		2	3	% of f _o
Largest Detection Bandwidth Variation with Temperature			±0.1			±0.1		%/°C
Largest Detection Bandwidth Variation with Supply Voltage	4.75 — 6.75V		±1	±2		±1	±5	%V
Highest Center Frequency		100	500		100	500		kHz
Center Frequency Stability (4.75–5.75V)	0 < T _A < 70 -55 < T _A < +125		35 ± 60 35 ± 140			35 ± 60 35 ± 140		ppm/°C ppm/°C
Center Frequency Shift with Supply Voltage	4.75V - 6.75V 4.75V - 9V		0.5	1.0 2.0		0.4	2.0 2.0	%/V %/V
Fastest ON-OFF Cycling Rate			f _o /20			f _o /20		
Output Leakage Current	V ₈ = 15V		0.01	25		0.01	25	μΑ
Output Saturation Voltage	$e_i = 25 \text{ mV}, I_8 = 30 \text{ mA} $ $e_i = 25 \text{ mV}, I_8 = 100 \text{ mA}$		0.2 0.6	0.4 1.0		0.2 0.6	0.4 1.0	V
Output Fall Time			30			30		ns
Output Rise Time			150			150		ns

Note 1: The maximum junction temperature of the LM567 and LM567C is 150°C. For operating at elevated temperatures, devices in the TO-5 package must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 150°C/W, junction to ambient or 45°C/W, junction to case. For the DIP the device must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 110°C/W, junction to ambient. For the Small Outline package, the device must be derated based on a thermal resistance of 160°C/W, junction to ambient.

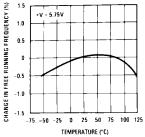
Note 2: Refer to RETS567X drawing for specifications of military LM567H version.



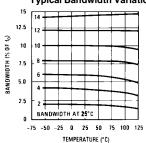
Typical Performance Characteristics



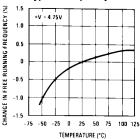
Typical Frequency Drift

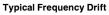


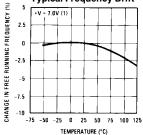
Typical Bandwidth Variation



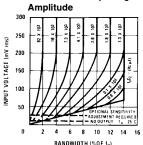
Typical Frequency Drift



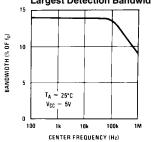




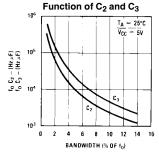
Bandwidth vs Input Signal



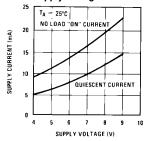
Largest Detection Bandwidth



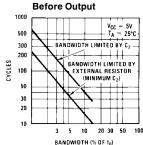
Detection Bandwidth as a



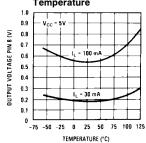
Typical Supply Current vs Supply Voltage



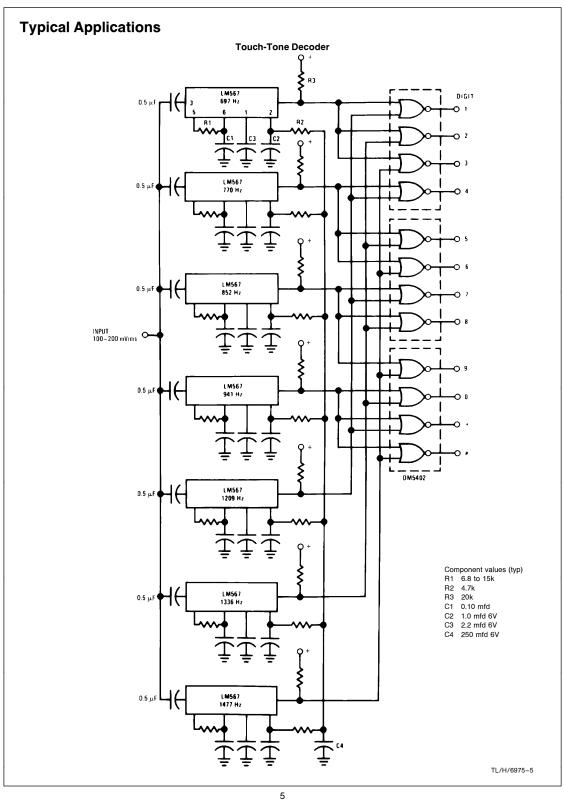
Greatest Number of Cycles



Typical Output Voltage vs Temperature



TL/H/6975-4



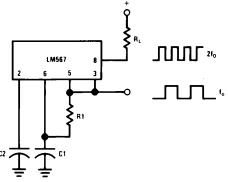
Typical Applications (Continued)

Oscillator with Quadrature Output

LM567 $R_L > 1000\Omega$ TL/H/6975-6

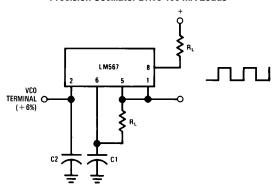
Connect Pin 3 to 2.8V to Invert Output

Oscillator with Double Frequency Output



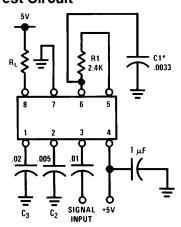
TL/H/6975-7

Precision Oscillator Drive 100 mA Loads



TL/H/6975-8

AC Test Circuit



Applications Information
The center frequency of the tone decoder is equal to the free running frequency of the VCO. This is given by

$$f_0 \cong \frac{1}{1.1 \, R_1 C_1}$$

The bandwidth of the filter may be found from the approximation

$$BW = 1070 \, \sqrt{\frac{V_i}{f_0 C_2}} \text{ in \% of } f_0$$

Where:

 $V_i = \text{Input voltage (volts rms)}, V_i \leq 200 \text{ mV}$

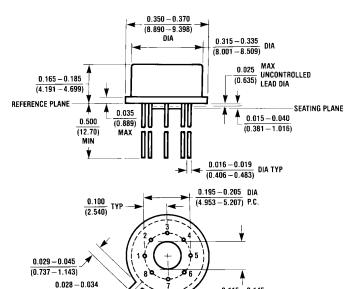
 $C_2 = Capacitance$ at Pin 2 (μ F)

TL/H/6975-9

$$\begin{split} f_i &= 100 \text{ kHz} + 5 \text{V} \\ \text{*Note:} & \text{Adjust for } f_0 = 100 \text{ kHz}. \end{split}$$

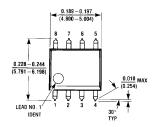


(0.711 - 0.864)



Metal Can Package (H)
Order Number LM567H or LM567CH
NS Package Number H08C

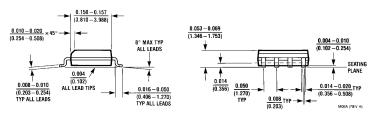
45° EQUALLY SPACED



H08C (REV E)

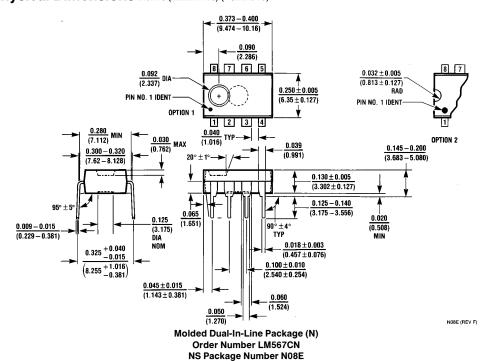
0.115 - 0.145

(2.921 - 3.683) DIA



Small Outline Package (M) Order Number LM567CM NS Package Number M08A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) (Continued)



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